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APPLICATION NO.	FIL	ING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/722,147	_	1/25/2000	Paul Lapstun	NPS018US	4018	
24011	7590	10/04/2002			.	
		SEARCH PTY L	TD	EXAMINER KAO, CHIH CHENG G		
393 DARLII BALMAIN,		T .		KAO, CHIH CHENG G		
AUSTRALI	A			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				2882		
				DATE MAILED: 10/04/2002		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

4.9 3		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
		09/722,147	LAPSTUN ET AL.	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
		Chih-Cheng Glen Kao	2882	
Period for	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap			
THE M - Extens after SI - If the p - If NO p - Failure - Any rep	RTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. ions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 X (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. eriod for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repieriod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute by received by the Office later than three months after the mailing patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, ma ly within the statutory minimum o will apply and will expire SIX (6) I a, cause the application to becom	v a reply be timely filed thirty (30) days will be considered timely. NONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
1) 🗌	Responsive to communication(s) filed on	·	·	
2a) <u></u> □	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ Th	nis action is non-final.		
	Since this application is in condition for allow closed in accordance with the practice under n of Claims			
4)⊠ C	Claim(s) $1-7$ is/are pending in the application.			
4	a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	wn from consideration.		
5) 🗌 C	Claim(s) is/are allowed.			
6)⊠ C	Claim(s) <u>1-7</u> is/are rejected.			
7) 🛛 C	Claim(s) <u>5</u> is/are objected to.			
8) 🗌 C	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.		
Applicatio	n Papers			
9)∐ Ti	ne specification is objected to by the Examine	er.		
10)⊠ TI	ne drawing(s) filed on <u>25 November 2000</u> is/a	re: a)⊠ accepted or b)□	objected to by the Examiner.	
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the	e drawing(s) be held in at	eyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
11) 🔲 TI	ne proposed drawing correction filed on	_ is: a) ☐ approved b) [disapproved by the Examiner.	
	If approved, corrected drawings are required in re	ply to this Office action.		
12)∐ Tł	ne oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	caminer.		
Priority un	der 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120			
13)⊠ A	cknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	n priority under 35 U.S.	C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a)⊠	All b) Some * c) None of:			
1	. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received.		
. 2	. Certified copies of the priority document	s have been received in	Application No	
	. Copies of the certified copies of the prio application from the International Bue the attached detailed Office action for a list	reau (PCT Rule 17.2(a).	
14) <u></u> Ac	knowledgment is made of a claim for domesti	ic priority under 35 U.S.	C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application	1).
	The translation of the foreign language processon.			
Attachment(s				
2) D Notice	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) tion Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>3</u>	5) Notice	ew Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)	
Patent and Trad TO-326 (Rev.		ction Summary	Part of Paper No. 4	

Application/Control Number: 09/722,147

Art Unit: 2882

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Objections

1. Claim 5 is objected to because of the following informalities: Claim 5 depends upon claim 5. This objection may be obviated by changing the dependency from claim 5 to claim 4. For purposes of examination, the claim has been treated as such. Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claim 1-3 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Reber et al. (US Patent 5995105) in view of Liddiard et al. (US Patent 5465080).

Reber et al. discloses a viewing device (Fig. 8) comprising at least one sensor for coded data and for generating first data (Fig. 8, #98), a transmitter and receiver (Fig. 8, #90 and 96) to and from a network, at least one display device which is humanly discernable (Fig. 8, #94), a printer mechanism on the substrate (Fig. 8, screen of #94), and a user interface and control (Fig. 8, #92).

However, Reber et al. does not disclose a transmitter and receiver to and from a computer system.

Application/Control Number: 09/722,147

Art Unit: 2882

Liddiard et al. teaches a transmitter and receiver to and from a computer system (col. 5, lines 1-5).

It would have been obvious, to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the computer system of Liddiard et al. with the system of Reber et al., since a network is essentially a computer as shown by Liddiard et al. (col. 5, lines 1-5). One would be motivated to have a computer system to store memory and process information to various from other transmitters and send information out to the receivers.

3. Claims 4 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Reber et al. in view of Liddiard et al. as applied to claim 3 above, and further in view of Wolff et al. (GB 2306669).

Reber et al. in view of Liddiard et al. suggests a system as recited above.

However, Reber et al. does not disclose the user interface with a touch sensitive overlay with the printer mechanism printing markings as the user interacts.

Wolff et al. teaches a user interface with a touch sensitive overly (Fig. 5, #10) with the printer mechanism printing markings as the user interacts (Abstract, last 2 lines).

It would have been obvious, to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to have the interface and feedback from the printer of Wolff et al. with the suggested system of Reber et al. in view of Liddiard et al., since one would be motivated to handle paper documents and their corresponding electronic versions simultaneously as shown by Wolff et al. (Page 1, lines 4-6) to save time.

Application/Control Number: 09/722,147

Art Unit: 2882

4. Claims 6 and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Reber et al. in view of Liddiard et al. and Wolff et al. as applied to claim 5 above, and further in view of Dymetman et al. ("Intelligent Paper").

Reber et al. in view of Liddiard et al. and Wollf et al. suggests a system as recited above.

However, Reber et al. does not disclose printing on a substrate after a user has completed interaction wherein the overlay is uploaded to the computer system and the computer system downloads data based on the upload for printing on the substrate.

Dymetman et al. teaches printing on a substrate after a user has completed interaction wherein the overlay is uploaded to the computer system and the computer system downloads data based on the upload for printing on the substrate (Fig. 1, and Page 393).

It would have been obvious, to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to have the completed interaction for upload and then printing on the substrate of Dymetman et al. with the suggested system of Reber et al. in view of Liddiard et al. and Wollf et al., since one would be motivated to finish a selection that is to be uploaded and then sent to the screen to see what is on the screen before moving on to another selection as implied from Wollf et al. For example, if a user clicked on 100 different points before the computer system could send to the printer mechanism to display, the computer system would be uncertain what to display, and the user will be left with unknown information.

Art Unit: 2882

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Chih-Cheng Glen Kao whose telephone number is (703) 605-5298. The examiner can normally be reached on M - Th (8 am to 5 pm).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Robert Kim can be reached on (703) 305-3492. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 308-7722 for regular communications and (703) 308-7724 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-0956.

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gk October 1, 2002 ROBERT H. KIM SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER TECHNOLOGY CENTER 2800